



# HAUSMUSIK ZUR WEIHNACHT

## SÄTZE ALTER MEISTER

für ein oder zwei Melodieinstrumente (Blockflöten) und Klavier

herausgegeben von ALBERT RODEMANN

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## PIECES OF OLD MASTERS

## FOR THE SEASONS OF ADVENT AND CHRISTMAS

for one or two Melodic Instruments (Recorders) and Piano

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## PIECES DE MAITRES ANCIENS

## POUR LE TEMPS DE L'AVENT ET DE NOËL

pour un ou deux Instruments de dessus (Flûtes à bec) et Piano

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Im vorliegenden Heft sind weihnachtliche Choralvorspiele und Liedsätze alter Meister - ohne am Original sonst etwas zu ändern - für ein Melodieinstrument und Klavier umgeschrieben worden. Ein zweites Melodieinstrument, das die Oberstimme des Klaviersatzes verstärkt, kann nach Belieben hinzutreten. Werden die beiden Oberstimmen von zwei Sopran- oder Soprano- und Alt-Blockflöte gespielt, so klingen diese Stimmen eine Oktave höher als notiert. In diesem Falle empfiehlt es sich, auch den Klaviersatz eine Oktave höher zu spielen. Es sei noch darauf hingewiesen, daß die Bassstimme des Klaviersatzes - klanglich sehr reizvoll - von einem Violoncello oder von einer Gambe mitgespielt werden kann.

Den Liedern sind neben den deutschen auch englische und französische Texte untergelegt worden, und zwar die, die am meisten zu diesen Melodien gesungen werden.

In the present number Christmas chorale preludes and songs of the old masters have been arranged for a single melodic instrument and piano, without making any other alteration to the original. If desired, a second melodic instrument can be added, to strengthen the upper part of the piano. If these two upper parts are played by two Soprano, or Soprano and alto recorders, these parts will sound an octave higher than written. In this case it is advisable to play the piano part an octave higher too. It should also be pointed out that the bass part of the piano score - which has a charming sound - can be played simultaneously by a cello or a gamba.

English and French words have been added to the songs, the ones, in fact, to which these tunes are most commonly sung.

Nous présentons, dans ce cahier, quelques transcriptions choisies de préludes de chorales et de chants se référant à la fête de Noël, sans y ajouter, bien entendu, des changements substantiels à la partition originale. Ces arrangements sont pour un instrument qui interprète la mélodie, accompagné par le pianoforte. On est libre d'ajouter un second instrument renforçant la ligne supérieure de la partie du pianoforte. Si les deux voix supérieures sont ainsi exécutées par deux flûtes Soprano, ou par une flûte Soprano secondée par une flûte Alto en fa, ces parties se présentent, par conséquent, à l'octave supérieure. Nous recommandons, dans ce cas, d'exécuter aussi la partie du pianoforte en entier à l'octave supérieure. Nous ne manquons pas d'attirer l'attention sur le fait que l'on peut faire jouer la partie basse du pianoforte par un violoncelle ou par une viola da gamba ad lib., ce qui ajoute un élément de sonorité pleine, à l'effet d'ensemble. Nous avons ajouté les traductions anglaise et française des textes les plus connus qui sont habituellement chantés sur ces mélodies.

Zeichnung: Clemens Schmidt

# 1. HYMNUS DE ADVENTU DOMINI

*Veni Redemptor gentium*

Samuel Scheidt (1587-1654)

The musical score consists of two systems of music. The top system begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. It features three staves: soprano, alto, and bass. The soprano and alto staves begin with quarter notes, while the bass staff begins with a half note. The music includes various note heads, stems, and bar lines. The bottom system begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature. It also features three staves: soprano, alto, and bass. The soprano and alto staves begin with quarter notes, while the bass staff begins with a half note. The music includes various note heads, stems, and bar lines.

2. RICERCAR PRO TEMPORE ADVENTUS SUPER INITIUM CANTILENAE  
*Ave Maria*

Johann Kaspar Ferdinand Fischer (1650-1746)

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are in treble clef, G major, and common time. The bottom two staves are in bass clef, F major, and common time. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and grace notes. Measures 1 through 10 are shown, followed by a repeat sign and measures 11 through 15. The score concludes with a final section starting at measure 16, which includes a bass line.

### 3. RICERCAR PRO FESTIS NATALIBUS SUPER INITIUM CANTILENAE

*Der Tag, der ist so freudenreich*

O hail this brightest Day of Days — Le jour qui est rempli de joie

Johann Kaspar Ferdinand Fischer (1650-1746)

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef (C), the middle staff is in bass clef (F), and the bottom staff is also in bass clef (F). The music is in common time. The first two measures show the treble staff with eighth-note patterns and the bass staff with quarter notes. From measure 3 onwards, the bass staff begins to play eighth-note patterns. Measures 3 through 6 show the bass staff playing eighth-note patterns while the treble staff rests. Measures 7 through 10 show the bass staff continuing its eighth-note patterns. Measures 11 through 14 show the bass staff resting while the treble staff plays eighth-note patterns. Measures 15 through 18 show the bass staff playing eighth-note patterns again. Measures 19 through 22 show the bass staff resting while the treble staff plays eighth-note patterns. Measures 23 through 26 show the bass staff playing eighth-note patterns again. Measures 27 through 30 show the bass staff resting while the treble staff plays eighth-note patterns. Measures 31 through 34 show the bass staff playing eighth-note patterns again. Measures 35 through 38 show the bass staff resting while the treble staff plays eighth-note patterns. Measures 39 through 42 show the bass staff playing eighth-note patterns again. Measures 43 through 46 show the bass staff resting while the treble staff plays eighth-note patterns. Measures 47 through 50 show the bass staff playing eighth-note patterns again. Measures 51 through 54 show the bass staff resting while the treble staff plays eighth-note patterns. Measures 55 through 58 show the bass staff playing eighth-note patterns again. Measures 59 through 62 show the bass staff resting while the treble staff plays eighth-note patterns. Measures 63 through 66 show the bass staff playing eighth-note patterns again. Measures 67 through 70 show the bass staff resting while the treble staff plays eighth-note patterns. Measures 71 through 74 show the bass staff playing eighth-note patterns again. Measures 75 through 78 show the bass staff resting while the treble staff plays eighth-note patterns. Measures 79 through 82 show the bass staff playing eighth-note patterns again. Measures 83 through 86 show the bass staff resting while the treble staff plays eighth-note patterns. Measures 87 through 90 show the bass staff playing eighth-note patterns again.

# 4. Nun komm der Heiden Heiland

Come Saviour of Nations wild — Viens diez nous notre sauveur

Johannes Eccard (1553-1611)

Nun komm der Heiden Heiland  
Come Saviour of Nations wild — Viens diez nous notre sauveur  
der Jungfrau en Kind kannt,  
Heil den na tions land, Wild, owned er kannt,  
of Heil den na tions land, Wild, owned er kannt,  
Viens, Of Jung frau en Kind kannt,  
the sau veur, oh Mai den de  
Vier Kind er kannt,

des sich wun dert Welt,  
Fiff with won der le, earth,  
A fin que le, de

### 5. Vom Himmel kam der Engel Schar

From Heaven the Angel-troop come near — Du ciel les anges sont venus

Melchior Vulpius <1560-1615>

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the bottom staff is in 2/4 time (indicated by a '2'). The vocal parts are in soprano and alto voices, with the basso continuo providing harmonic support. The lyrics are written below the notes, divided into four-line measures.

**Top Staff (Soprano):**

- Vom From Du
- Him mel kam der gel -
- En gel Schar, er -
- schien den Hir ten
- of fen bar, sie
- From ciel les an an ges
- troop come near And Ont
- to ap pa ru
- plain ap pear, A
- ciel the an ges
- sont ve nus, Ont
- ap pa ru
- aux ber gers, Ils

**Bottom Staff (Basso Continuo):**

- Notes corresponding to the vocal parts, providing harmonic support.

**Second System:**

**Top Staff (Soprano):**

- sag ten ihn'n: ein
- Kind lein zart,
- das
- leur der dit: eun
- fréle they en
- cry, fant
- In R

**Bottom Staff (Basso Continuo):**

- Notes corresponding to the vocal parts, providing harmonic support.